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Instrumentation Div.

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Thank you for your purchasing "Fuji Digital Temperature Controller". Please check that the product is exactly the one you ordered and use it according to the following instructions. (Please refer to a separate operation manual for details.) Dealers are cordially requested to ensure the delivery of this Instruction Manual to hands of the end-users.

NOTICE

The contents of this document may be changed in the future without prior notice.

INP-TN1PXR5/9d-E

We paid the utmost care for the accuracy of the contents. However, we are not liable for direct and indirect damages resulting from incorrect descriptions, omission of information, and use of information in this document.

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Check of specifications and accessories

Before using the controller, check if the type and specifications are as ordered. (A table of Model code configuration is given in Page 35).

Check that all of the following accessories are included in the package box.

Temperature controller	1 unit
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- Instruction manual ----- 1 copy
- Mounting fixtures ----- 2 pcs.
- · I/V unit (250 Ω resistor) ------ 1 pc. (4-20mA DC input type only)
- · Watertight packing ······ 1 pc.

The related documents

Contents	Name	Document No.			
Specifications	Catalogue	ECNO:1125			
Operation method	MICRO-CONTROLLER X				
	(Model:PXR5/9)	ECNO:406			
	OPERATION MANUAL				
Communication	COMMUNICATION FUNCTIONS				
functions	(MODBUS)	INP-TN512642-E			
	INSTRUCTION MANUAL				
	COMMUNICATION FUNCTIONS				
	(Z-ASCII)	INP-TN512644-E			
	INSTRUCTION MANUAL				

Safety Precautions

Before using this product, the user is requested to read the following precautions carefully to ensure the safety. Safety precautions must be taken by every user to prevent accidents.

The safety requirements are classified into "Warning" and "Caution" according to the following interpretations :

Warning	Suggesting that the user's mishandling can result in personal death or serious injury.
Caution	Suggesting that the user's mishandling can result in personal injury or damage to the property.

AWARNING Over-temperature Protection

"Any control system design should take into account that any part of the system has the potential to fail". "For temperature control systems, continued heating should be considered the most dangerous condition, and the machine should be designed to automatically stop heating if unregulated due to the failure of the control unit or for any other reason".

The following are the most likely causes of unwanted continued heating:

1) Controller failure with heating output constantly on

- 2) Disengagement of the temperature sensor from the system
- 3) A short circuit in the thermocouple wiring
- 4) A valve or switch contact point outside the system is locked to keep the heat switched on.

In any application where physical injury or destruction of equipment might occur, we recommend the installation of independent safety equipment, with a separate temperature sensor, to disable the heating circuit in case of overheating.

The controller alarm signal is not designed to function as a protective measure in case of controller failure.



1.1 Installation and wiring

• This controller designed to be installed at the following conditions.

Operating temperature	–10 to +50 [°C]			
Operating humidity		90%RH or less (Non condensation)		
Installation category		Conforming to IEC1010-1		
Pollution degree		Conforming to IEC 1010-1		

 The controller must be installed such that with the exception of the connection to the mains, creepage and clearance distances shown in the table below are maintained between the temperature probe and any other assemblies which use or generate a voltage shown in the table below.
 Failure to maintain these minimum distances would invalidate the EN 61010 safety approval.

Voltage used or generated by any assemblies	Clearance (mm)	Creepage (mm)
Up to 50Vrms or Vdc	0.2	1.2
Up to 100Vrms or Vdc	0.2	1.4
Up to 150Vrms or Vdc	0.5	1.6
Up to 300Vrms or Vdc	1.5	3.0
Above 300Vrms or Vdc	Contact with o	ur sales office.

• If the voltage shown above exceeds 50Vdc (i.e. hazardous voltage), the basic insulation is required between all terminals of this controller and the ground, and supplementary insulation is required for the alarm output.

Isolation class of this controller is as shown below. Be sure to check that the isolation class of the controller satisfies your requirements before installation.

Mains (Power source)	Measured value input, CT input, Remote SV input
Control output1 (relay output)	Internal circuit
Control output2 (relay output)	Control output1, 2 (SSR drive output / Current output)
Alarm outout (AL1)	Re-transmission
Alarm outout (AL2)	Communication (RS-485) circuit
Alarm outout (AL3) or Heater burnout alarm output (HB)	Digital input (DI).

—— : Basic insulation,	: Non-insulation,	
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- If there is a danger of a serious accident resulting from a failure or a defect in this unit, provide the unit with an appropriate external protective circuit to prevent an accident.
- The unit is normally supplied without a power switch and fuses. Make wiring so that the fuse is placed between the main power supply switch and this controller. (Main power supply: 2 pole breaker, fuse rating: 250V, 1A)
- When wiring the power supply terminal, use vinyl insulated 600 volt cable or equivalent.
- To avoid the damage and failure of controller, supply the power voltage fitting to the rating.
- To avoid an electric shock and controller failure, do not turn ON the power before all wiring is completed.
- Be sure to check that the distance is kept to avoid electric shock or firing before turning the power ON.
- Keep away from terminals while the circuit is energized in order to avoid an electric shock and a malfunction.
- Never attempt to disassemble, fabricate, modify, or repair this unit because tampering with the unit may result in a malfunction, electric shock, or a fire.

1.2 Maintenance precautions

- Be sure to turn off the power before this controller is installed or removed in order to avoid an electric shock, malfunction, and fault.
- Regular maintenance is recommended a longer service life of this controller. Some parts of this controller have a limited life span, or they will be deteriorated with the lapse of time.
- One-year warranty is guaranteed for this unit including accessories, provided that the controller is properly used.



2.1 Cautions on installation

Avoid the following places for installation.

- A place where the ambient temperature may reach beyond the range of from 0 to 50°C while in operation.
- A place where the ambient humidity may reach beyond the range of from 45 to 85% RH while in operation.
- A place where a change in the ambient temperature is so rapid as to cause condensation.
- A place where corrosive gases (sulfide gas and ammonia gas, in particular) or combustible gases are emitted.
- A place where the unit is subject directly to vibration or shock.
- A place exposed to water, oil, chemicals, steam and vapor. (if immersed with water, take the inspection by sales office to avoid an electrical leakage and firing)
- A place where the unit is exposed to dust, salty air, or air containing iron particles.
- A place where the unit is subject to interference with static electricity, magnetism, and noise.
- A place where the unit is exposed to direct sunshine.
- A place where the heat may be accumulated due to the radiation of heat.

2.2 Caution on installation on panel

 Attach the supplied fixtures (2 pcs.) to PXR5/9 at the top and the bottom, and fasten them using a screwdriver. The fastening torque should be approximately 0.15N·m (1.5kg·cm).

If the plastic fixture is fastened at excessive torque, it is split horizontally around the center, thus allowing the torque to be released. If a split appears around the center, there is no problem with the use of the instrument.

(The case is made of plastic. Therefore, be careful not to fasten them excessively.)

The front side of this controller conforms to NEMA 4X(equivalent with IP66).

To ensure the waterproofness between the instrument and the panel, use packings that are provided as accessories in the following manner: (The improper fitting of packings will ruin the waterproofness.)

① As shown in Figure 1, fit a packing to the case of the unit and then insert it in the panel.

2 Tighten screws on the fixtures so that no gaps are given between the front of controller and packing and between panels as shown in Fig.2. Check that there are no deviation and deformation of packing as shown in Fig.3.

If panel strength is weak, it may cause a gap between the packing and the panel, thus impairing water resistance.

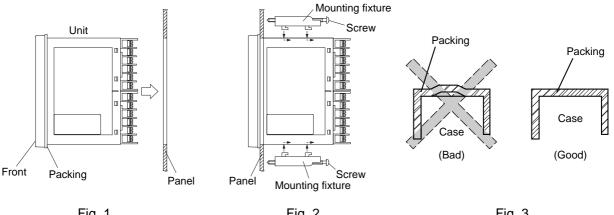
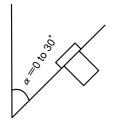


Fig. 3

Standard : Vertical mounting, flush on the panel. (The controller is horizontal.) When mounting the controller on tilted surface, the maximum tilt angle is 30° (degree) from vertical.



(Caution)

- Don't block the openings around the controller, or radiation effect will be reduced.
- Don't block the ventilation openings at the top of the terminal block.
- In the case of PXR9, place the mounting fixture into the mounting hole at the center of the main body.

2.3 Precautions in wiring connection

- For the thermocouple sensor type, use thermocouple compensation wires for wiring. For the RTD type, use a wiring material with a small lead wire resistance and no resistance differentials among three wires.
- Keep input lines away from power line and load line to avoid the influence from noise induced.
- For the input and output signal lines, be sure to use shielded wires and keep them away from each other.
- If a noise level is excessive in the power supply, the additional installation of an insulating transformer and the use of a noise filter are recommended.

(Example: ZMB22R5-11 Noise Filter manufactured by TDK)

Make sure that the noise filter is installed to a place such as a panel that is properly grounded. The wiring between the noise filter output terminal and the instrument power supply terminal should be made as short as possible. None of fuses or switches should be installed to the wiring on the noise filter output side because the filter effect will be degraded by such an installation.

- A better anti-noise effect can be expected by using stranded power supply cable for the instrument. (The shorter the stranding pitch is, the better the anti-noise effect can be expected.)
- For the unit with an alarm against a failure (burn-out) in the heater, use the same power line for connection of the power supplies for the heater and the controller.
- A setup time is required for the contact output when the power is turned on. If the contact output is used as a signal for an external interlock circuit, use a delay relay at the same time.
- Use the auxiliary relay since the life is shortened if full capacity load is connected to the output relay. SSR/SSC drive output type is preferred if the output operations occur frequently.

[Proportional interval] relay output: 30 seconds or more, SSR/SSC: one second or more

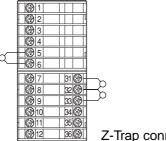
If inductive load such as magnetic switches connected as a relay output load, it is recommended to use Z-Trap manufactured by Fuji Electric to protect a contact from switching surge and keep a longer life.

ENC241D-05A (power supply voltage: 100 V) Model :

ENC471D-05A (power supply voltage: 200 V)

Where to install : Connect it between contacts of the relay control output.

Example)



Z-Trap connection

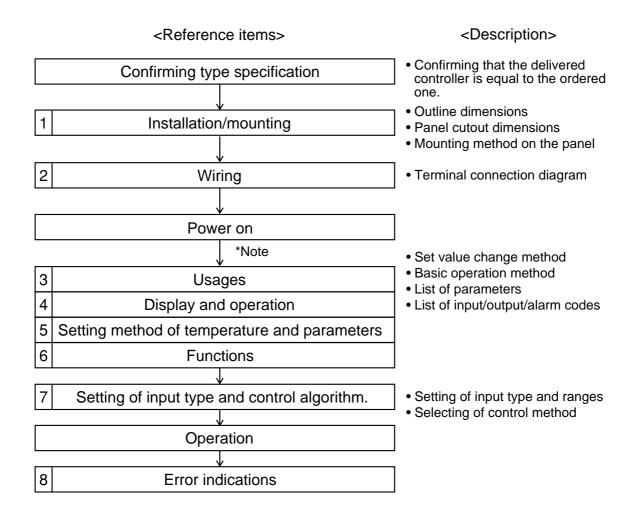
2.4 Requirement for key operation/operation in abnormalities

- Prior to the operation, be sure to check alarm functions, since a failure in the proper setting will result in a failure in the proper output of an alarm in case of an abnormality.
- A display of UUUU or LLLL will appear in case of a break in the input. Be sure to turn off the power when a sensor is replaced.

2.5 Others

• Do not use organic solvents such as alcohol and benzine to wipe this controller. Use a neutral detergent for wiping the controller.

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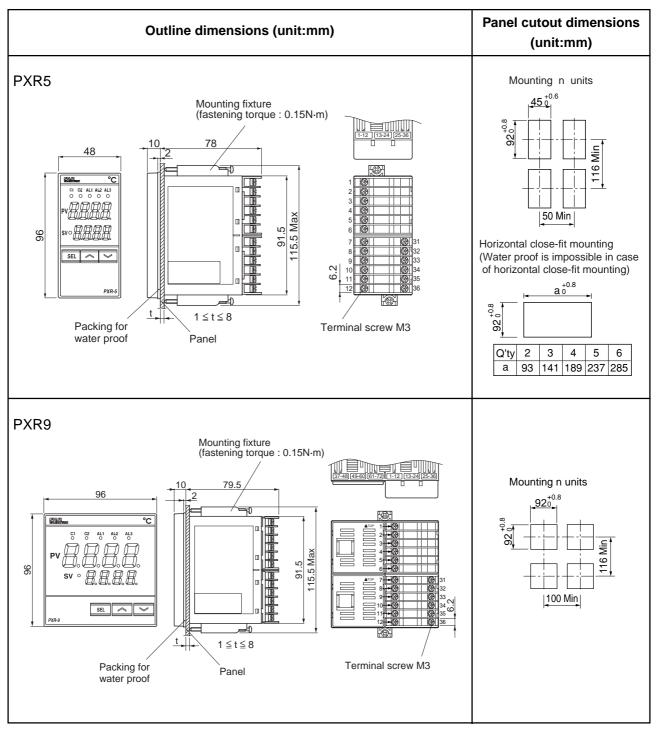


(Note) *To start the operation, wait for about 30 minutes after the power-on for warm up.

1

Installation/mounting

Outline and Panel Cutout Dimensions



Note) Panel cutout dimensions should also satisfy the above values after the panel is coated.

• With the power supply of 200 VAC or more, a maximum ambient temperature is 45°C. (It is recommended to use a fan for cooling.)

• When there is another instrument (larger than 70mm) or a wall on the right side of this controller, be sure to install the controller keeping a space of more than 30mm.

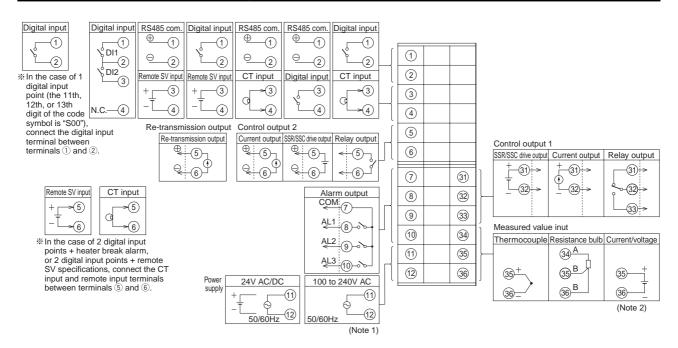
Cautions on wiring • Wiring should be started from the left side terminal (No. 1 to No. 12).

- Use crimped terminals matched to the screw size. Tightening torque should be 0.8 N·m.
 - Do not connect anything to terminals not used.

Terminal Connection Diagram (100 to 240 AC, 24V AC/24V DC)

Wiring

2

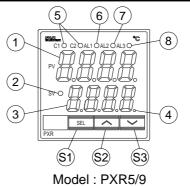




Note 2 : Connect the I/V unit (250 Ω resistor) (accessory) between the terminal 35 and 36 in case of current input.

3 Usage (Read before using)

Name of Functional Parts and Functions



Setting keys

	Name	Function
\$1	Select key	The key shifting to the 1st, the 2nd or the 3rd block parameter, switching the display between parameter and the data at the 1st, the 2nd and the 3rd block.
\$2	Up key	 The numerical value is increased by pressing the key once. The numerical valuekeeps on increasing by pressing the key continuously. For searching parameters within the 1st, the 2nd and the 3rd block.
\$3	Down key	 The numerical value is decreased by pressing the key once. The numerical value keeps on decreasing by pressing the key continuously. For searching parameters within the 1st, the 2nd and the 3rd block.

Display/Indication

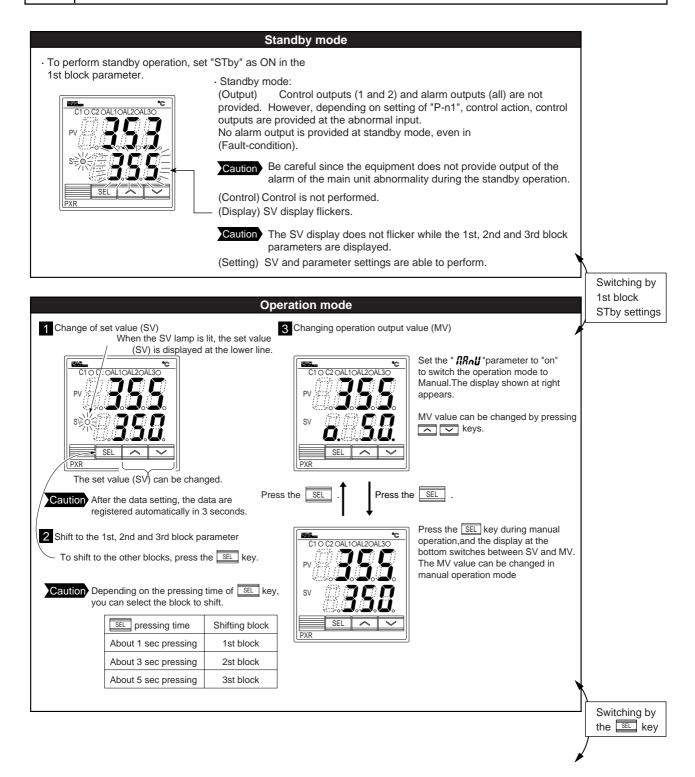
	Name	Function
1	Process value (PV)/parameter name display	 Displays a process value (PV). Displays the parameter symbols at parameter setting mode. Displays various error indications (refer to the "8. Error indications").
2	Set value (SV) indication lamp	The lamp is lit while a set value (SV) is displayed.
3	Set value (SV)/parameter setting display	 Displays a set value (SV). Displays the parameter settings at parameter setting mode. Flickers at Standby mode. Displays the set value (SV) and "SV-1" alternately when the SV witching function is used. Displays the set value (SV) and "rSV" alternately while in remote operation.
4	Auto-tuning/self-tuning indicator/ manual operation	The lamp flickers while the PID auto-tuning or the self-tuning is being performed. Kept on during manual operation.
5	Control output indication lamp	C1 : The lamp is lit while the control output 1 is ON. C2 : The lamp is lit while the control output 2 is ON. (Note 1)
6	Alarm output 1 (AL1) indication lamp (Note 1)	The lamp is lit when the alarm output 1 is activated. It flickers during ON-delay operation. (Note 2)
1	Alarm output 2 (AL2) indication lamp (Note 1)	The lamp is lit when the alarm output 2 is activated. It flickers during ON-delay operation. (Note 2)
8	Alarm output 3 (AL3) indication lamp (Note 1)	The lamp is lit while the alarm output 3 or the heater break alarm output is ON. The lamp flickers while in ON delay operation. (Note 2)

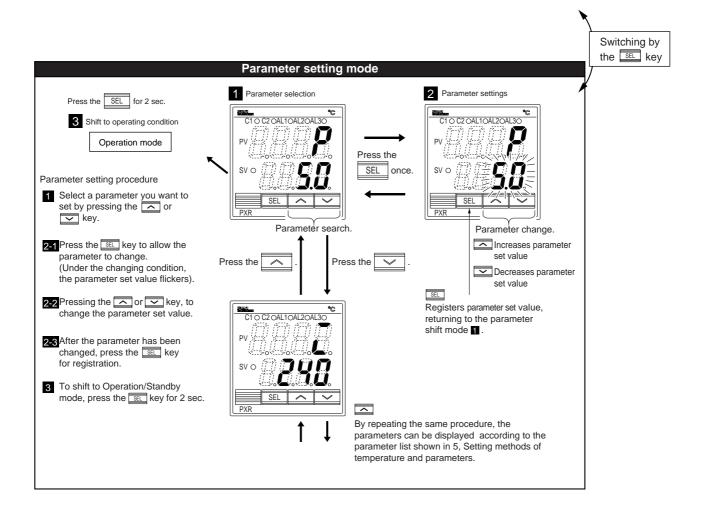
Note 1) Control output 2 and alarm function are optional.

Note 2) The lamp does not flicker while the timer is activated.

Display and operation

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- Note 1: When this controller's turned on in manual operation mode, the control outputs will be the registered value (MV). So, it's necessary to consider if the operation output value (MV) is dangerous or not.
- Note 2: If the upper display (PV) comes off (or kept distinguished), make the setting once again by adding 64 to the set value of parameter DP13.

5

Setting methods of temperature and parameters

Operation/Standby mode Alarm status Manual Standby Control output status Auto C10 AL1OAL2OAL3O C1 °C °C PV value indication SV value . indication S١ When the set value SEL (SV) is displayed at PXR the lower line, the SV lamp is lit. MV value indication lamp is lit

If no operation status continues for 30 seconds, the screen is restored to the PV/SV display just after the power is turned on.

Press for about 1 sec. SEL

SEL Press for about 2 sec.

				1st bloc	k parar	neter				
Parameter display symbol Parameter Description of contents							Default setting	Remarks		
<i>NR_nU</i>	MAnU	Selecting manual mode	ON: I	Switch the operation mode by selecting Auto/Manual ON: Manual mode OFF: Auto mode					OFF	Note 4
SFby	STbY	Standby settings	ON: 0				rol. larm: OFF)		OFF	
E Nod	CMod	Control mode	Lot	🔓 : Local o	and Remot peration e operation		ns.		LoCL	
Proū	ProG	Ramp/soak control	OFF:	stop, rUn:	Start, HL	d: status h	old		OFF	
LACH	LACH	Alarm latch cancel		ses alarm arm latch re					0	
RE	AT	Auto-tuning	0: Sto	p, 1: Stan	dard AT st	art, 2: Lov	v PV type A	T start	0	
rn- 1	TM-1	Timer 1 display	Time	displays in	dicating th	e reminina	time at the	timor	-	
LU-5	TM-2	Timer 2 display	mode		dicating th	erenning	une at the		-	
rn-3	TM-3	Timer 3 display							-	
RL 1	AL1	Alarm 1 set value		ars only wi g range: N	th alarm a ote 1	ction type	1 to 10).		10	
A I-L	A1-L	Alarm 1 low limit set value		ars only w g range: N	ith alarm a lote 1	ction type	16 to 31).		10	
R I-H	A1-H	Alarm 1 high limit set value		ars only wi g range: N	ith alarm a ote 1	ction type	16 to 31).		10	
RL2	AL2	Alarm 2 set value		ars only wi g range: N	ith alarm a ote 1	ction type	1 to 10).		10	
82-L	A2-L	Alarm 2 low limit set value		appears only with alarm action type 16 to 31). Setting range: Note 1					10	- Table 4 (Page 33) Note 1
82-X	A2-H	Alarm 2 high limit set value		ars only wi g range: N	10					
RL 3	AL3	Alarm 3 set value		ars only wi g range: N		10				
83-L	A3-L	Alarm 3 low limit set value		appears only with alarm action type 16 to 31). Setting range: Note 1						
83-Н	A3-H	Alarm 3 high limit set value	1	appears only with alarm action type 16 to 31). Setting range: Note 1					10	
LoE	LoC	Key lock	Settin	Setting of key lock status.					0	Note 3
				· ·	eters, MV	-	SV			
			LoC	Front key	Comm- unication	Front key	Comm- unication			
			0	0	0	0	0			
			1	×	0	×	0			
			2	X		0				
			4	×	×	×	×			
			5	×	×	0	×			
					0:5	Setting ena	able, $ imes$: Se	tting disable	•	

Note 1) Setting range : 0 to 100%FS (in case of absolute value alarm) -100 to 100%FS (in case of deviation alarm)

Note 3) Be aware that key locking the parameter will lock the manual MV as well.

Note 4) Manual operation cannot be made when P is set to "0".

· Some parameters may not be displayed on the screen, depending upon the types.

Operation/Star	ndby mode		
Alarm status	Auto	Manual	Standby
Control output status		°C	•c .
PV value			
SV value			
	SEL A	SV O. O.O. PXB	
SV lamp is lit.	MV	value indication lamp is lit	

If no operation status continues for 30 seconds, the screen is restored to the PV/SV display just after the power is turned on.

Press for about 3 sec. SEL

Press for about 2 sec.

			2nd block parameter			
Param	neter y symbol	Parameter	Description of contents	Default setting	Remarks	
P	P	Proportional band	Setting range: 0.0 to 999.9% ON/OFF control when "P" = 0	5.0	Note 4	
Ē	I	Integral time (reset)	Setting range: 0 to 3200 sec. No integral action when "I" = 0	240		
ď	D	Derivative action time	Setting range: 0.0 to 999.9 sec. No derivative action when "d" = 0	60.0		
HYS	HYS	Hysteresis for ON/OFF contorol	Setting range: 0 to 50% FS	1		
Cool	CooL	Proportional band coefficient on cooling side	Sets the proportional band coefficient on the cooling side. (Setting range : 0.0 to 100.0) ON/OFF control when "Cool" = 0	1.0		
<i>d</i> 6	db	Deadband/overlap	Shifts the output value on the cooling side. (Setting range: -50.0 to 50.0%)	0.0		
EFrL	CTrL	Control algorithm	Type of control algorithm. (Setting range: PID, FUZZY, SELF)	PID		
ΓC	TC	Cycle time (control output 1)	Sets cycle time of control output 1. (Setting range: 1 to 150 sec)	30/2	Note 2	
LCS	TC2	Cycle time (control output 2)	Sets cycle time of control output 2. (Setting range: 1 to 150 sec)	30/2	Note 2	
P-n2	P-n2	Input type code	Type of input	As ordered	Table 1 (Page 31)	
P-SL	P-SL	Lower limit of input range	Lower limit of input range (Setting range: -1999 to 9999)	As ordered		
P-5U	P-SU	Upper limit of input range	Upper limit of input range (Setting range: -1999 to 9999)	As ordered	Table 3	
P-dP	P-dP	Setting of decimal point position	Select a decimal point position of display. (Setting range: 0 to 2) 0 : No decimal point "1" "2"	As ordered	ed (Page 32)	
PUOF	PVOF	PV offset	Shift the display of process value (PV). (Setting range: -10 to 10%FS)	0		
P-dF	P-dF	Time constant of input filter	Time constant (Setting range: 0.0 to 900.0 sec.)	5.0		
ALN I	ALM1	Type of alarm 1		0/5		
ALUS	ALM2	Type of alarm 2	Setting types of alarm action (Setting range: 0 to 34)	0/9	Table 4 (Page 33)	
RLN3	ALM3	Type of alarm 3		0		
SFRF	STAT	Ramp/soak status	Displays the current Ramp/Soak status. No setting can be made.	-		
Pſ'n	PTn	Ramp/soak execute type	Selects the ramp/soak execute type. 1: Executes 1st to 4th segment. 2. Executes 5th to 8th segment. 3. Executes 1st to 8th segment.	1		
Sū- I	SV-1 to	Ramp target SV-1 to SV-8	Sets the target SV for each ramp segment.			
SJ-8	SV-8		(Setting range: 0 to 100%FS)			
רח ו-	TM1r to	1st ramp segment time to 8th ramp segment time	Sets the time for each ramp segment.			
rn8-	TM8r		(Setting range: 0 to 99 hours and 59 minutes)			
rn is	TM1S to	1st soak segment time to 8th soak segmentl time	Sets the time for each soak segment. (Setting range: 0 to 99 hours and 59 minutes)	0.00		
rnas Nod	TM8S Mod	Setting of ramp/soak mode	Sets ramp/soak operation mode	0	Table 5	

Note 2) When using the heater break alarm, set the parameter "TC" to 20 or more.

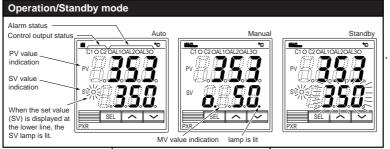
Set the CT (current transformer) so that it measures the current of the heater connected to the control output 1.

Disconnection of the control output 2 cannot be detected.

Never set "TC" / "TC2" = 0.

Note 4) Manual operation cannot be made when P is set to "0".

 \cdot Some parameters may not be displayed on the screen, depending upon the types.



Press for about 5 sec.

SEL

SEL Press for about 2 sec.

If no operation status continues for 30 seconds, the screen is restored to the PV/SV display just after the power is turned on.

		<u> </u>			
			3rd block parameter		
Paran displa	neter y symbol	Parameter	Description of contents	Default setting	Remarks
Ponl	P-n1	Control action	Selects the control action.	0/4	Table 2 (Page 31)
Sū-L	SV-L	Lower limit of SV	Lower limit of SV (Setting range: 0 to 100%FS)	0%FS	
Sū-H	SV-H	Upper limit of SV	Upper limit of SV (Setting range: 0 to 100%FS)	100%FS	
8L Y I	dLY1	ON delay time of alarm 1		0	
9F 75	dLY2	ON delay time of alarm 2	ON delay time setting for alarm output (Setting range: 0 to 9999 sec)	0	
<i>4L 43</i>	dLY3	ON delay time of alarm 3		0	
٢	СТ	Heater current value	Indicates the heater current value.	-	
НЬ	Hb	HB alarm set value	Sets current value to detect the heater break alarm (Setting range: 1.0 to 50.0A, 0: OFF)	0.0	Note 2
8 IKY	A1hY	Hysteresis for alarm 1		1	
82ҺУ	A2hY	Hysteresis for alarm 2	Sets ON-OFF hysteresis for alarm output. (Setting range: 0 to 50%FS)	1	
ЯЗҺУ	A3hY	Hysteresis for alarm 3		1	
R 10P	A1oP	Additional function of alarm 1	Additional function of alarm output (Setting range: 000 to 111)	000	
82°b	A2oP	Additional function of alarm 2	Alarm latch (1:use, 0:not use)	000	
R30P	A3oP	Additional function of alarm 3	Alarm of error status (1:use 0:not use) De-energized (1:use 0:not use), Note 3.	000	
dī- 1	di-1	DI1 function	Selects digital input 1 (DI1) function (Setting range: 0 to 12)	0(OFF)	6-7 (Page 25)
dC-5	di-2	DI2 function	Selects digital input 2 (DI2) function (Setting range: 0 to 12)	0(OFF)	6-7 (Page 25)
SEno	STno	Station No.	Communication station No. (Setting range: 0 to 255)	1	
Cofi	CoM	Parity setting	Parity setting. Baud rate is fixed at 9600 bps. (Setting range: 0 to 2)	0	6-6 (Page 24)
ΡΓοί	PCoL	Communication protocol	Switches communication protocols. 1: Modbus protocol 2: Z-ASCII protocol	As ordered	
Ro-ſ	Ao-T	Re-transmission output type	Switches signals to be output for Re-transmission 0 : PV, 1 : SV, 2 : MV, 3 : DV	0	
Ro-L	Ao-L	Re-transmission output scale lower limit	Lower limit of the scaling for Re-transmission output (Setting range: -100 to 100%)	0	
Ro-H	Ao-H	Re-transmission output scale upper limit	Upper limit of the scaling for Re-transmission output (Setting range: -100 to 100%)	100	
rEN0	rEMO	Remote SV input zero point adjustment	Zero point compensation value for remote SV input (Setting range: -50 to 50%FS)	0	
rENS	rEMS	Remote SV input span point adjustment	Span point compensation value for remote SV input (Setting range: -50 to 50%FS)	0	
r-dF	r-dF	Remote SV input filter constant	Filter time constant for remote SV input (Setting range: 0.0 to 900.0 second)	0.0	
r Sū	rSV	Remote SV input value	Remote SV input value (industrial value) (Display only: –1999 to 9999)	-	
dSP I	dSP1 to	Parameter mask	Specifying parameter mask		
dP 13	dSP13				

Note 2) When using the heater break alarm, set the parameter "TC" to 20 or more.

Set the CT (current transformer) so that it measures the current of the heater connected to the control output 1. Disconnection of the control output 2 cannot be detected.

Never set "TC" / "TC2" = 0.

Note 5) De-energized: Contact opens when the alarm "ON".

 \cdot Some parameters may not be displayed on the screen, depending upon the types.

Functions

6

6-1 ON/OFF control

- At ON/OFF control mode,output signal is as shown below.
 Set parameter "P" = 0 for selecting the ON/OFF control mode.
 Set the hysteresis to avoid chattering.
 (Default setting: HYS = 1)
- Parameter setting and operation example



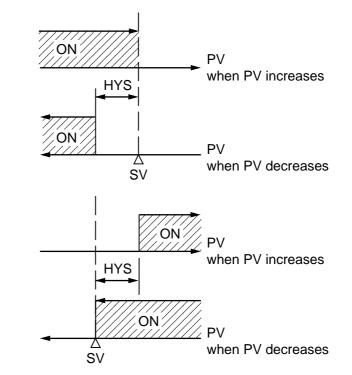
Parameter	Setting value
Р	0.0
P-n1	0 (or 1)
HYS	Any value

Relation between PV and SV	Output
PV > SV	OFF
PV < SV	ON

Example 2 : Direct operation

Parameter	Setting value
Р	0.0
P-n1	2 (or 3)
HYS	Any value

Relation between PV and SV	Output
PV > SV	ON
PV < SV	OFF



6-2 Auto-tuning (AT)

Auto-tuning is the automatic calculation and entering of the control parameters (P,I and D) into memory. Prior to the auto-tuning, complete the setting of input range (P-SL,P-SU, P-dP), a set value (SV), alarm setting (AL1, AL2), and cycle time (TC).

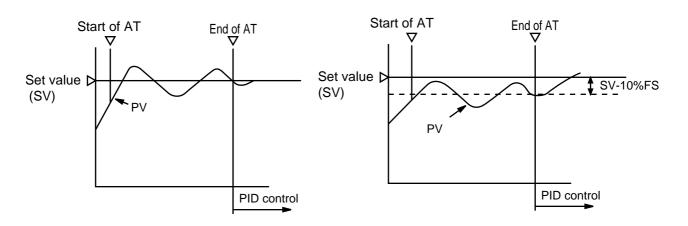
How to start the auto-tuning

Set the parameter AT as either "1" or "2" by using \bigcirc or \bigcirc key, and press the set. key to start the auto-turning. Then the point indicator at the lower right starts blinking. At the completion of Auto-tuning, the point indicator stops blinking, then parameter AT is automatically set to 0.

	When auto-tuning is cancelled or not performed.	Standard type (auto-tuning at SV)	Low PV type (auto- tuning at 10%FS below SV.)
Setting code (AT)	0	1	2

① Standard type (AT=1)

② Low PV type (AT=2): Overshoot decreased at tuning.



- (a) The P.I.D. parameter calculated by auto-tuning remains even if the power is turned off. If the power is turned off before the auto-tuning is completed, you must restart the auto-tuning.
- (b) The PV may be changed greatly depending on the process, because the control output is ON/OFF action (two position operation) in the auto-tuning. So, do not use the auto-turning if the process does not allow a significant variation of PV.

In addition, the auto-tuning should not be used in any process such as pressure control and flow control, where a quick-response is required.

- (c) If the auto-tuning isn't completed in four hours, the auto-tuning is suspected to fail. In this case, check the wiring and parameters such as the control action, input type, etc.
- (d) Carry out the auto-tuning again, if there is any change in SV, input range (P-SL, P-SV or P-dP) or process condition. Perform the auto-tuning if fuzzy control is selected as the control algorithm.
- (e) While carring out auto-tuning, PV operates as shown in Figs 1 and 2.
- (f) Execute the auto-tuning also when fuzzy control is selected in control type setting.
- (g) When resetting the AT parameter, set the parameter to "0" once, then reset it.

6-3 Self-tuning

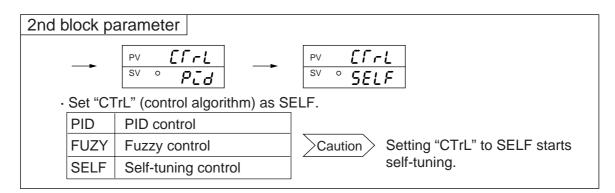
1) At power on, changing a set value or the external disturbance, tuning is made automatically so that the PID parameters are re-optimized.

It is useful where modification of PID parameters is required repeatably due to frequent change in process condition.

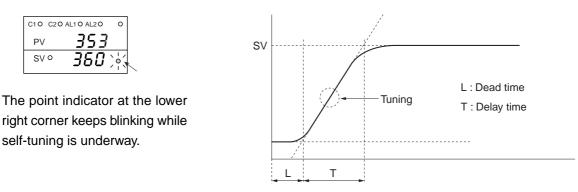
If high controllability is important, select the PID or fuzzy control algorithm and use auto-tuning.

2) Setting for self-tuning

- ① Turn on the power and set the SV.
- ② Select SELF at "CTrL" (control algorithm) parameter.
- \bigcirc Turn off the power once.
- (4) Turn on the power of the whole system. The controller should be turned on at the same time with the other equipments or even later. Otherwise, the self tuning might not be performed successfully.
- 5 Self-tuning starts. Then the point indicator at the lower right corner starts blinking until the PID parameters are re-optimized.
- Note) Whenever it is necessary to re-try the self-tuning, please set "CTrL" = PID once, and then start the above setting procedure from the beginning.



3) Self-tuning indication



- 4) Self-tuning is executed by any of the following conditions.
 - ① During temperature rise at power ON.
 - ② During temperature rise at SV changing if necessary.
 - ③ When control is out of stable condition and is judged as being out of stable condition continuously.

5) Self-tuning is not executed under the following conditions:

- ① During standby mode
- 2 During ON/OFF control
- ③ During auto-tuning
- ④ During ramp/soak operation
- (5) During input error
- 6 With dual output ("P-n1" \geq 4)
- ⑦ When P, I, D or Ar is manually set

Under the following coditions, self-tuning is canceled.

- ① When SV is changed.
- ② When Self-tuning can not be completed in about 9 hours after the start.

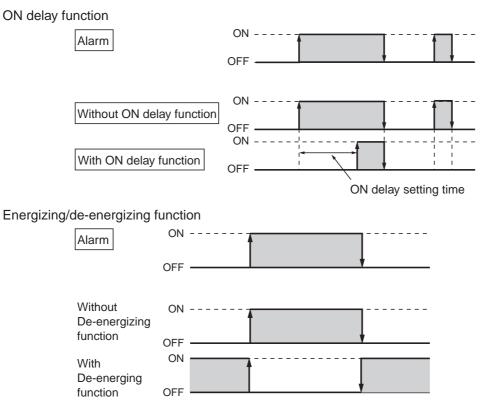
6) Cautions

- Turn on the power of the whole system. The controller should be turned on at the same time with the other equipments or even later. Otherwise, the selftuning might not be performed successfully.
- Don't change the SV while the self-tuning is executing.
- Once PID parameters are optimized, the self-tuning is not executed at the next power on unless SV is changed.
- After the execution of self-tuning, if the controlability is not your expected level, please select PID or FUZZY at "CTrL" parameter, and then, start the auto-tuning.

6-4 Alarm function (option)

1) Kinds of alarm

• Absolute value alarm, deviation alarm, combination alarm, and zone alarm are available. (For details, see Table 4, Alarm action type codes.)



Caution When the power is turned OFF or in Standby mode, even if de-energizing function is turned ON, it cannot be output (it is kept OFF).

2) Alarm function

No.	Function	Description	Parameters to set
1	Hysteresis	Set the hysteresis to avoid chattering.	Alarm 1 : <i>ჩ ЊУ</i> Alarm 2 : <i>ჩჇ</i> Ⴙሃ Alarm 3 : <i>ჩ3</i> Ⴙሃ
2	ON delay	The alarm is turned on with delay of a certain seconds as previously set after PV goes in the alarm band.	Alarm 1 : <i>dLY I</i> Alarm 2 : <i>dLY2</i> Alarm 3 : <i>dLY3</i>
3	Alarm latch	Keeps the alarm ON status once an alarm is turend ON. To cancel the alarm latch, please take one of the following procedure.	Alarm 1 : <i>R loP</i> Alarm 2 : <i>R2oP</i> Alarm 3 : <i>R3oP</i>
		i) Turn ON the controller again.ii) Turn the alarm latch settings to OFF once.	
		iii) Use alarm latch cancel parameter.iv) Cancel by Digital input.v) Cancel by communication function.	LREH dE- 1, dE-2
4	Error status alarm	Alarm is turned on when error indications are displayed.	Alarm 1 : <i>R IoP</i> Alarm 2 : <i>R2oP</i> Alarm 3 : <i>R3</i> oP
5	De-energizing	Alarm output can be de-energized.	Alarm 1 : <i>R IoP</i> Alarm 2 : <i>R2oP</i> Alarm 3 : <i>R3oP</i>

Combination of alarm functions

Please see the table as shown below.

O: Possible combination

X: Impossible combination

	Without HOLD/Timer	With HOLD	With Timer
Alarm latch	0	0	Х
De-energizing	0	0	0
ON delay	0	Note 1	Х
Alarm in error status	Х	Х	Х

Note 1 The alarm is not turned on the first time the measured value is in the alarm band. Instead it turns on only when the measured value goes out of the band and enters it again.

Cautions on alarms

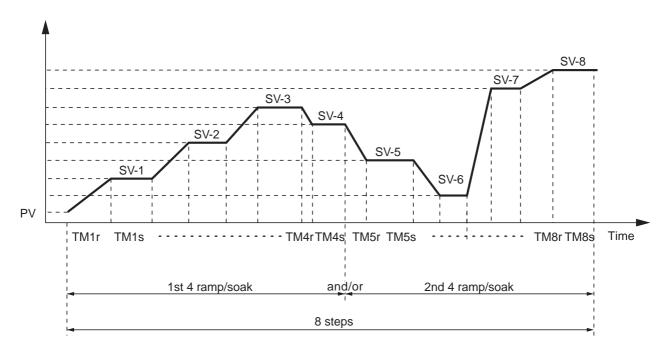
No.	Cautions	Items/Classification
1	Note that the ON delay function is effective for alarm in error status.	Alarm in error status
2	Even during "Err" display, alarms in error status work.	Alarm at error
3	Even when "LLLL" or "UUUU" is displayed, an alarm function works normally.	indication
4	Alarm action type codes in No.12 to 15 are also included in No.24 to 27. It is, therefore, recommended to use No.24 to 27. In addition, please note when selecting No.12 to 15, setting in ALM2, dLY2, and A2hy are effective.	Alarm action type code
5	With the HB alarm, ON delay function, de-energizing function and latch function cannot be used.	HB alarm
6	The minimum alarm set value is -199.9.	Alarm set value
7	As the alarm action type changed, the alarm set value may also be changed accordingly.	
8	Note that all of alarm outputs are not provided at the standby condition.	Alarm at standby
9	Error status alarm is not provided at the standby mode.	mode.
10	The HOLD function is effective even if the PV value is in the hysteresis area when the power is turned ON.	
11	Select "0" for alarm action type code to use error status alarm.	

6-5 Ramp/soak function [option]

1. Function

Changes the set value (SV) as the time elapses according to a predetermined program pattern, as shown below.

Either 4 ramp/soak x 2 patterns or 8 ramp/soak x 1 pattern can be programmed. The first ramp starts from the process value (PV) just before the programming is executed.



2. Setting

- Select the program pattern (PTn) and set the rUn at "ProG" parameter.
- Ramp/soak pattern can not be changed while ramp/soak program is running.

PTn	Pattern	Ramp/Soak
1	1	4
2	2	4
3	1 + 2	8

Note:

• The ramp/soak program is canceled if the controller becomes to standby mode.

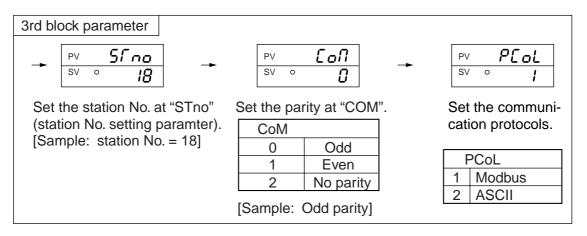
Then, if the controller becomes to operation mode, the program doesn't run again.

6-6 Communication function [option]

1) Function

· Internal data can be read/written via MODBUS or ASCII communications.

2) To use the function, the following three parameters must be set.



3) Caution

- Station No. can be set in the range of 0 to 255. (No communication is allowed when Modbus is selected, or Stno=0.)
- After changing the setting of parity at "COM", please power off and re-start the controller.
- Baud rate is fixed to 9600 bps.

6-7 Digital input (DI function) [option]

1) Function

- With Digital input, the follwing functions are available.
- ① SV switching
- 2 Control mode; RUN/STANDBY selection
- ③ Ramp/soak RUN/RESET selection
- ④ Auto-tuning start/stop
- 5 Alarm latch cancel
- 6 Timer start/reset

2) To use DI function;

• Select the function with the parameter "di-1" or "di-2" refering to the Table shown below.

3	3rd block parameter								
	PV SV	0	dī - 1+	- or dc-c DI function code					
			1-	(0 to 12)					

3) Table of DI function

DI function code	Function	Description			
1	Set value (SV) switching	Switching between local SV and "5ū-1" "5ū-2" "5ū-3"			
2	Control mode, RUN/STANDBY	At standby mode, control is not provided and SV flickers.			
3	Auto-tuning (standard)				
	start	Start/Stop can be switched at the time of DI raising up or			
4	Auto-tuning (low PV)	dropping down.			
	start				
5	All alarm latch cancel				
6	Alarm 1 latch cancel	When this function is not used. DL is not offective			
7	Alarm 2 latch cancel	When this function is not used, DI is not effective.			
8	Alarm 3 latch cancel				
9	ALM1 timer	ON/OFF delay timer operation is available. The remaining			
10	ALM2 timer	time of the timer can be checked with timer-1 and -2			
11	ALM3 timer	display parameters (first block).			
12	Ramp/soak RUN/RESET	RUN/RESET of ramp/soak can be performed at the time			
		of DI raising up or dropping down.			

6-8 Other functions

The parameters "bAL" and "Ar" are masked at default setting.

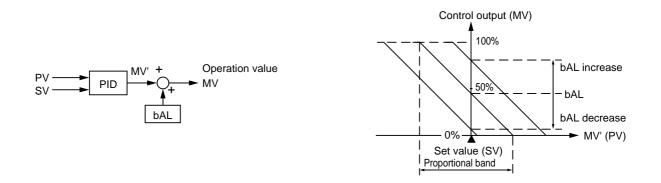
If necessary to appear these parameters, please refer to the following procedure.

- 1) Function
 - "bAL" and "Ar" are functions to suppress overshoot.
 - (Usually it is not necessary to change the setting.)
- 2) If they aren't optimum value, sometime you don't get the good control. Usually it is not necessary to set them.

3) "Ar"(Anti-reset wind-up) is automatically set by "Auto tuning".

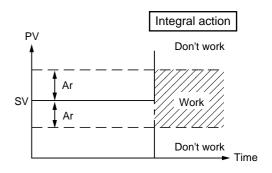
1 bAL

MV is calculated by adding the offset (bAL) to MV', the result of PID calculation, from PV and SV.



2 Ar

The integral range is SV±Ar. Integral action don't work when PV is out of the range.



Mask/Unmask bAL and Ar

1 To unmask

- ① Display the "dSP3" in the third block parameter and then subtract 128 from current value.
- ② Display the "dSP4" in the third block parameter and then subtract 1 from current value.

2 To mask

- 1 Display the "dSP3" in the third block parameter and then add 128 to current value.
- ② Display the "dSP4" in the third block parameter and then add 1 to current value.

6-9 Re-transmission output function

1) Function

Outputs PV, SV, MV, and DV as a unified 4 to 20mA signal.

- 2) To use the Re-transmission output function,
 - (1) Set the output type to be outputted to Re-transmission output at R_o - Γ .

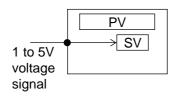
Ao-T	Output type
0	PV
1	SV
2	MV
3	DV

(2) If output scaling is required, make the scaling setting at R_o -L and R_o -H.

6-10 Remote SV function

1) Function

Controls SV (set value) by inputting 1 to 5V voltage signals by an external device.



2) To perform remote operation.

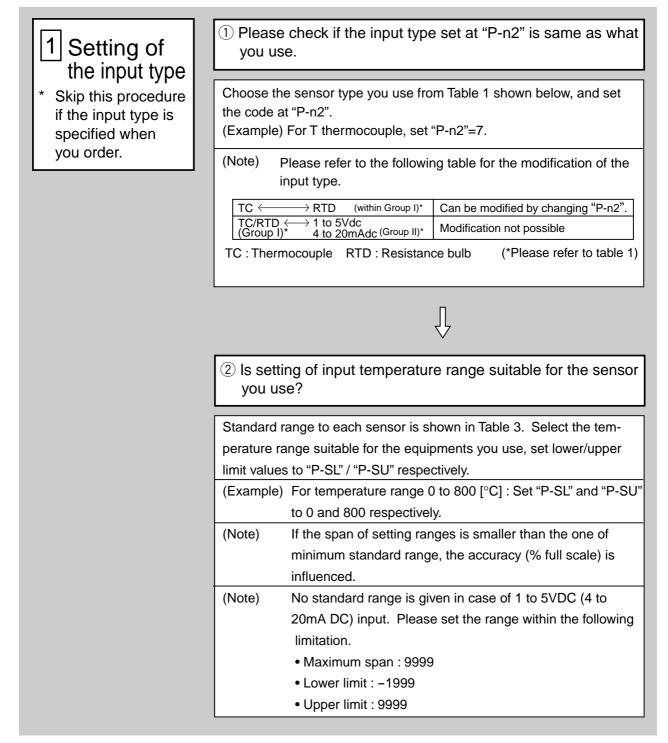
- (1) Connect the remote SV voltage signal to the remote SV input terminal.
- (2) If required, perform zero point or span point adjustment of remote SV input.

rEng -- Parameter for zero point compensation of remote SV input

rEns -- Parameter for span point compensation of remote SV input

- (3) Changing $\mathcal{L}\mathcal{A}_{od}$ parameter to $\mathcal{L}_{o}\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}\mathcal{R}$ switches to remote SV operation.
- * r dF is the setting for remote SV input filter. Use the equipment with the value set to 0.0 (set at the time of delivery) unless the change is required.

Setting of input type and control algorithm



Note:

7

Please set "P-n2": Input sensor type and "P-SL/P-SU/P-dP": input range setting prior to any other parameter settings. When "P-n2" and/or "P-SL/P-SU/P-dP" is changed, some other parameters may also be influenced. Please check all parameters before starting control.

	① Select the type of control output action.								
2 Setting of the algorithm		Control output action	Description	2	Setting procedure				
* Read if the control doesn't work as you expect.	Heating	Reverse	As PV increases, MV decreases. As PV decreases, MV increases.		Set parameter "P-n1" = 0 or 1. (Refer to Table 2) Set parameter				
	Cooling	Direct	As PV increases, MV also increases. As PV decreases, MV also decreases.	ſ	"P-n1" = 2 or 3. (Refer to Table 2)				

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2 Contro	2 Control algorithm (ON/OFF, PID or fuzzy)							
Type of control	Description		Setting procedure					
ON/OFF control	Output is either ON (100%) or OFF (0%). (Suitable when frequent output switching is inconvenient.)		Set "P" =0.0. Refer to "6-1 ON/OFF control".					
PID control	The output signal changes within the range at 0 to 100% according to PID calculation which determine the proportional of ON to OFF in each TC (cycle time).		Select PID at "CTrL". Execute auto-tuning so that optimum PI.D can be calculated automatically. (PID parameters can be set spontaneously). *Refer to "6-2 Auto-tuning".					
Fuzzy control	Fuzzy operation is added to PID providing control with less overshoot.		Select FUZy at "CTrL". Then execute the auto-tuning so that FUZZY control starts.					
PID control with self-tuning.	At power on, changing a set value or the external disturbance, tuning is made automatically so that the PID parameters are re-optimized. It is useful where modification of PID parameters is required repeatably due to frequent change in process condition.		Select SELF at "CTrL". Refer to "6-3 Self-tuning".					

Error indications

Error indications

This controller has a display function to indicate several types of error code shown below. If any of the error codes is displayed, please eliminate the cause of error immediately. After the cause is eliminated, turn off the power once, and then re-start the controller.

Error code	Possible cause	Control output	Group
UUUU	 Thermocouple burnt out. RTD (A) line burnt out. PV value exceeds P-SU by 5% FS. 	 when the burn-out control output is set as the lower limit (standard): OFF or 4 mA or less 	
LLLL	 The RTD line (B or C) burnt out. The RTD line (between A and B or A and C) short. PV value is below P-SL by 5%FS. 1 to 5 VDC or 4 to 20mADC wiring open or short. 	 when the burn-out control output is set as the upper limit: ON or 20 mA or larger 	
① PV value < -199.9		Control is continued until the value reaches -5% FS or less, after which burn-out condition will occur.	
AL3 lamp lit	Break of the heater (when provided with heater break alarm)	Normal control	
Err (SV indication flickers)	Incorrect range setting (P-SL/P-SU).	OFF or 4mA or less	
PV not displayed	Incorrect DP13 setting. Add 64 to set value of DP13 to display PV.	Normal control	

[Table 1] Input type code

Parameter : P-n2

Group	Input type	Code	Group	Input typ	е	Code		
	RTD · Pt100 (IEC)	1	II 1 to 5V DC 4 to 20mA		с	16		
1	Thermocouple · J · K · R	2 3 4	 In case of 4 to 20mA DC input, mount a 250Ω resistor enclosed in the package box. Modification 					
	· B · S · T	5 6 7		Γ	TC (w	\longleftrightarrow ithin Gro	RTD oup I)	Can be modified by changing "P-n2".
	· E · N · PL-II	8 12 13			C/RTE Group		1 to 5 V DC 4 to 20 mA DC (Group II)	Modification is not possible.

[Table 2] Control output action code

Parameter : P-n l

Codo	Quitaut	Control out	out action	Output at E	Burn-out*	
Code	Output	Output 1	Output 2	Output 1	Output 2	
0		Reverse action		Lower limit		
1	Single	Reverse action		Upper limit		
2	Single (Control output 1)	Direct extien		Lower limit		
3		Direct action		Upper limit		
4				Lower limit	Lower limit	
5		Reverse action		Upper limit	Lower IIIIII	
6		Reverse action		Lower limit	l Innor limit	
7			Direct action	Upper limit	Upper limit	
8			DIFECT ACTION	Lower limit	Lower limit	
9	Dual	Direct action		Upper limit		
10	Duai	Direct action		Lower limit	l Innor limit	
11	Control output			Upper limit	Upper limit	
12	1 and 2.			Lower limit	Lower limit	
13		Reverse action		Upper limit		
14		Reverse action		Lower limit	l Innor limit	
15			Reverse action	Upper limit	Upper limit	
16			Reverse action	Lower limit	Lower limit	
17		Direct action		Upper limit		
18		Direct action		Lower limit		
19				Upper limit	Upper limit	

(*) Outputs when Error Indication Group I. Please refer to "8. Error indications". This is effective even in Standby mode.

Lower limit: OFF or 4mA or less Upper limit: ON or 20mA or more

[Caution for dual output] (option)

(1) Parameter "I" and "D" can not be set separately.

(2) In case "P"=0 (ON/OFF control) for heating side, cooling side becomes ON/OFF control automatically.

(3) In case "Cool" =0.0, cooling side becomes ON/OFF control. And hysteresis is fixed at 0.5%FS.

[Table 3] Input range (Standard range)

Parameter : P-SL, P-SU, P-dP

Input sig	gnal type	Range (°C)	Range (°F)	Input sig	gnal type	Range (°C)	Range (°F)
RTD (IEC)	Pt100Ω Pt100Ω	0 to 150 0 to 300 0 to 500 0 to 600 -50 to 100 -100 to 200 -199 to 600 -199 to 850	32 to 302 32 to 572 32 to 932 32 to 1112 -58 to 212 -148 to 392 -328 to 1112 -328 to 1562	Thermo- couple	R B S T E E N	0 to 1600 0 to 1800 0 to 1600 -150 to 200 -150 to 400 0 to 800 -150 to 800 0 to 1300	32 to 2912 32 to 3272 32 to 2912 -238 to 392 -238 to 752 32 to 1472 -238 to 1472 32 to 2372
Thermo- couple	J J K K	0 to 400 0 to 800 0 to 400 0 to 800 0 to 1200	32 to 752 32 to 1472 32 to 752 32 to 1472 32 to 1472 32 to 2192	DC voltage	PL-II 1 to 5VDC	0 to 1300 -1999 to 99 (Scaling is p • Maximum • Lower lin • Upper lin	oossible) n span : 9999 nit : –1999

- Note 1) Except for the following, the input accuracy is ±0.5% FS ±1 digit ±1℃ (Input accuracy does not be guaranteed for the ranges of measurement other than in the table above.)
 R thermocouple 0 to 500 ℃
 in these ranges, this controller may display an incorrect process value due to the characteristic of the sensor.
- Note 2) In case a measuring range of -199 to 600 ℃ or -199 to 850 ℃ is used for resistance bulb input, temperatures below -199 ℃ does not be indicated correctly. Therefore, "LLLL" does not appear despite a continuous fall below -199 ℃.
- Note 3) If the resistance bulb or thermocouple is used at a temperature below the lowest value in the measurement range, the input accuracy cannot be guaranteed.
- Note 4) Addition of decimal point is impossible if the input range or span is larger than 999.9 at the RTD/thermocouple input.

[Table 4] Alarm action type code

Parameter : RLD I, RLD2, RLD3

Standar				1		· Alarm o	ode w	ith du	al set	value	
	ALM 1	ALM 2	ALM 3	Alarm type	Action diagram		ALM 1	ALM 2	ALM 3	Alarm type	Action diagram
	0	0	0	No alarm	► PV	High /Low limit	16	16	16	High/Low absolute alarm	An-L An-H PV
Absolute value alarm	1	1	1	High alarm	ALn PV	alarm	17	17	17	High/Low deviation alarm	An-L An-H PV SV
	2	2	2	Low alarm	ALn PV		18	18	18	High absolute /Low deviation alarm	An-L SV An-H PV
	3	3	3	High alarm (with hold) Low alarm	ALn PV		19	19	19	High deviation /Low absolute alarm	An-H An-L SV
Deviation	4	4	4	(with hold)	ALn PV		20	20	20	High/Low absolute alarm (with hold)	An-L An-H PV
alarm	5	5	5	High alarm	ALn SV		21	21	21	High/Low deviation alarm (with hold)	
	6	6	6	Low alarm	ALn SV		22	22	22	High absolute /Low deviation alarm (with hold)	
	7	7	7	High/Low alarm	ALn ALn		23	23	23	High deviation /Low absolute alarm (with hold)	
	8	8	8	High alarm (with hold)	ALn	Zone alarm	24	24	24	High/Low absolute alarm	An-L An-H PV
	9	9	9	Low alarm (with hold)	ALn		25	25	25	High/Low deviation alarm	SV PV
	10	10	10	High/Low alarm (with hold)	SV ALn ALn SV		26	26	26	High absolute /Low deviation alarm	SV An-H PV
Zone alarm	11	11	11	High/Low deviation alarm (ALM1/2 independent	ALn ALn PV		27	27	27	High deviation /Low absolute alarm	An-L SV PV
	_	12	_	Action) High/Low absolute alarm	PV		28	28	28	High/Low absolute alarm (with hold)	An-L An-H PV
	_	13	_	High/Low	AL2 AL1		29	29	29	High/Low deviation alarm (with hold)	An-L ; An-H ; SV
	_	13	_	deviation alarm High absolute	AL2		30	30	30	High absolute /Low deviation alarm (with hold)	An-L :
	-	14	-	/Low deviation alarm	SV ALn PV		31	31	31	High deviation /Low absolute	SV An-H
	-	15	-	High deviation /Low absolute alarm	AL2 SV PV		oint	Wh	l at is	alarm (with hold) alarm with hol	An-L SV
Timer co	de ALM										d ON immediately even when the and. It turns ON when it goes out
Timor	1 1	2	3	Alarm type	Action diagram					nd enters agair	ı.
Timer	32	32	32	ON delay timer	DI OUT						PV (process value)
	33	33	33	OFF delay timer				Ρ	ow <u>er</u>	ON Power OF	F Power ON
	34	34	34	ON/OFF delay timer					mit ali mit ali		off on off off

Note) · When alarm action type code is changed, alarm set value may also become different from previous settings.

Please check these parameters, turn off the power once, and then re-start the controller, before starting control.

- · When selecting No.12 to 15, setting in ALM2, dLY2, and A2hy are effective, and output to the AL2 relay.
- · ALn means alarm set value (AL1, AL2 or AL3).
- · An-H means alarm set value (A1-H, A2-H or A3-H).
- An-L means alarm set value (A1-L, A2-L or A3-L).
- dLYn means alarm set value (dLY1, dLY2 or dLY3).

[Table 5] Control operation type code

Parameter : nod

[MOD code list]

-	-			
MOD	Power ON start	Output at END	Output at OFF	Repeat operation
0	Without	Control continued	Control continued	Without
1	Without	Control continued	Control continued	With
2	Without	Control continued	Standby mode	Without
3	Without	Control continued	Standby mode	With
4	Without	Standby mode	Control continued	Without
5	Without	Standby mode	Control continued	With
6	Without	Standby mode	Standby mode	Without
7	Without	Standby mode	Standby mode	With
8	With	Control continued	Control continued	Without
9	With	Control continued	Control continued	With
10	With	Control continued	Standby mode	Without
11	With	Control continued	Standby mode	With
12	With	Standby mode	Control continued	Without
13	With	Standby mode	Control continued	With
14	With	Standby mode	Standby mode	Without
15	With	Standby mode	Standby mode	With

[Description of functions]

- 1. Power ON start: Starts ramp/soak with the current PV value.
- 2. Output at END: Displays the output status at the time when ramp/soak is at END.
- 3. Output at OFF: Displays the output status at the time when ramp/soak is at OFF.
- 4. Repeat operation: After the ramp/soak step is terminated once, runs ramp/soak repeatedly. The PV value set in the previous step is maintained in normal state (without repeat operation).
- * Standby mode: Output -3%
 - Alarm OFF

Standby mode where no control operation is performed.

PXR Model Code Configuration

		PXR	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
Digit	Specification	Note	
4	<pre><front dimensions=""> 48 X 96mm 96 X 96mm</front></pre>		5 9
5	<input signal=""/> Thermocouple °C Thermocouple °F Resistance bulb Pt100 3-wire type °C Resistance bulb Pt100 3-wire type °F 1 to 5V DC 4 to 20mA DC °C		▼ T R N S A B
6	<control 1="" output=""> Relay contact output Voltage pulse output (24V DC) 4 to 20mA DC output</control>	Note 1	A C E
7	<control 2="" output=""> None Relay contact output Voltage pulse output (24V DC) 4 to 20mA DC output Re-transmission output (4 to 20mA DC)</control>		Y A C E R
8	<revision code=""></revision>		1
9	<pre><optional 1="" specifications=""> None Alarm (1 pc.) Alarm for heater break Alarm (1 pc.) + Alarm for heater break Ramp-soak Alarm (1 pc.) + Alarm for heater break Alarm for heater break + Ramp-soak Alarm (1 pc.) + Alarm for heater break + Ramp-soak Alarm (2 pcs.) Alarm (2 pcs.) + Ramp-soak Alarm (2 pcs.) + Alarm for heater break + Ramp-soak Alarm (3 pcs.) Remote SV Remote SV + Alarm (2 pcs.)</optional></pre>	Note 2 Note 2 Note 2 Note 2 Note 2 Note 2 Note 2	3 4 5 6 7 F G H M D
10	<instruction manual=""><power supply="" voltage="">None100 to 240V ACEnglish100 to 240V ACNone24V AC/24V DCEnglish24V AC/24V DC</power></instruction>		N V C B
11 12 13	<optional 2="" specifications=""> None RS485 (Modbus) communication RS485 (ASCII) communication Digital input 1 point Digital input 2 points RS485 (Modbus) communication + Digital input 1 point RS485 (ASCII) communication + Digital input 1 point</optional>	Note 3	♥ ♥ ♥ 0 0 0 M 0 0 N 0 0 S 0 0 T 0 0 V 0 0 W 0 0

Note 1: Cannot be combined with heater break alarm.

(2, 3, 6, 7, H cannot be specified on 9th digit.)

Note 2: Cannot be combined with RS485 + 1-point digital input.

(V and W cannot be specified on 11th digit.)

Note 3: In the case of control output 2, either of heater break alarm or remote SV input can be selected. (A, C, E and R on the 7th digit, and 2,3,6,7,H, D and P on the 9th digit cannot be specified.)

Input signal, measurement range, and set value at the time of deliver are as follows.

When thermocouple is specified: Thermocouple K, Measurement range; 0 to 400°C, Set value; 0°C When resistance bulb is specified: Pt, Measurement range; 0 to 150°C, Set value; 0°C When voltage/current is specified: Scaling; 0 to 100%, Set value; 0%

For the cases other than the above, specify input signal and measurement range. Input signal of the thermocouple and the resistance bulb can be switched by key operation on the front panel.

The actuating method of the control output has been set to reverse for control output 1, and to direct for control output 2 at the time of delivery. Note that reverse and direct actuation can be switched by key operation on the front panel.

Specification

Power voltage:	100 (-15%) to 240V AC (+10%) 50/60Hz, 24V (±10%) AC/DC		
Power consumption:	10VA or less (at 100V AC), 12VA or less (at 220V AC)		
	12VA or less (at 24V AC/DC)		
Relay contact output:	Control output 1: SPDT contact, 220VAC /30VDC 3A (resistive load)		
	Control output 2: SPST contact, 220VAC /30VDC 3A (resistive load)		
SSR/SSC driving output *1:	ON: 24V DC (17 to 25V DC)		
(voltage pulse output)	OFF: 0.5V DC or less		
	Maximum current ; 20mA or less		
	Resistive load 850 Ω or more		
4-20mA DC output:	Allowable load resistor 600Ω or less		
Alarm output (up to 2 outputs):	Relay contact (SPST contact) 220V AC / 30V DC 1A (resistive load)		
Heater disconnection alarm output:			
Communication function *2:	RS-485 interface		
	Transmission system; Half-dueplex bit serial start-stop		
	synchronization		
	Transmission rate ; 9600bps		
	Transmission protocol; In conformity to Modbus RTU or Z-ASCII		
	(PXR protocol)		
	Transmission distance; Up to 500m (total length)		
	Connectable units ; Up to 31 units		
Digital input :	Number of inputs; 2 inputs		
	Judged as ON : 3VDC or higher		
	Judged as OFF : 2VDC or lower		
	Input contact capacity ; 5V, 2mA DC		
	Input pulse width ; Min 0.5 sec		
Re-transmission output:	Output accuracy ±0.3% or lower		
	Permissible load resistance 600W or less		
Remote SV input:	Input accuracy ±0.5% FS or lower (Without input break detection function) Set resolution 3000 or higher		
	Input filtering function provided		
Ambient temperature:	-10 to 50° C		
Operating ambient humidity	-10 to 45°C (when side by side mounting)		
Operating ambient humidity: Preservation temperature:	90%RH or less (no condensation) -20 to 60°C		
Preservation temperature:	-2010/00 ⁻ C Within ±0.5%		
Time accuracy:			

*1 : The following table shows the difference of outputs among other micro-controller X series models.

	SSR/SSC driving output		Allowable load resistance for 4 to
	Voltage	Maximum current	20mA DC output
PXR3	15V DC	20mA	100 to 500Ω
PXR4/5/9	24V DC	20mA	600Ω or less
PXV3	5.5V DC	20mA	600Ω or less
PXV/W/Z	24V DC	60mA	600Ω or less

*2 : A communication converter is required to connect this product with PC. Communication converter (recommended items) (option) :

• RC-77 (insulated type) manufactured by R.A SYSTEMS http://www.ras.co.jp

• SI-30A (insulated type) manufactured by LINE EYE http://www.lineeye.co.jp

• KS485 (non-insulated type) manufactured by SYSTEM SACOM http://www.sacom.co.jp

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